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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for performing electrophoresis comprising:

providing a plurality of sample fragments collectively having a first range of sizes, the

each of the sample fragments being tagged with a dye selected from a first group number of

dyes, a fluorescence spectrum of the dye of each sample fragment being indicative of a property

of that sample fragment;

providing a plurality of reference fragments collectively having a second range of sizes which does not overlap with the first range of sizes, the each reference fragment fragments of substantially similar sizes within the second range being tagged with a common dye selected from the from among said first group number of dyes, reference fragments of substantially similar size being tagged with a common dye;

combining the sample fragments and the reference fragments into a common volume; causing the sample fragments and the reference fragments within the common volume to separate along a common separation lane such that the sample fragments and the reference fragments are separated from one another in at least one of time and space;

optically detecting a fluorescence spectrum comprising a respective fluorescence intensity at each of a plurality of wavelengths from each of the separated sample and reference fragments;

determining first color calibration information based upon the fluorescence spectra of the reference fragments; and

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determining at least one property of the sample fragments based upon the first color calibration information and the fluorescence spectra of the sample fragments.

- 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first and second ranges of sizes correspond to first and second ranges of lengths of the sample and reference fragments.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the sample and reference fragments comprises sequences of nucleotides.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of reference fragments comprise a first number of groups of reference fragments, reference fragments within each group having a substantially similar size.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the reference fragments comprise a sequence of nucleotides.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein the reference fragments within each group comprises nucleotides having identical lengths.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein the lengths of reference fragments within the groups are unevenly spaced.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein lengths of nucleotides in any one group differ from lengths of nucleotides in any other group by at least five nucleotides.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein lengths of nucleotides in any one group differ from lengths of nucleotides in any other group by at least ten nucleotides.

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- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein lengths of nucleotides in any one group differ from lengths of nucleotides in any other group by at-least twenty nucleotides.
- 11. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein lengths of nucleotides in any one group differ from lengths of nucleotides in any other group by at least forty nucleotides.
- 12. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the largest sample fragment is smaller than the smallest reference fragment.
- 13. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the largest reference fragment is smaller than the smallest sample fragment.
- 14. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first color calibration information is calculated for each of a plurality of separation lanes.

15 - 20. (Cancelled)

21. (Currently amended) A method for performing electrophoresis comprising:

providing a plurality of sample fragments collectively having a first range of sizes, the

each of the sample fragments being tagged with a dye selected from a first group number of

dyes, a fluorescence spectrum of the dye of each sample fragment being indicative of a property

of that sample fragment;

providing a plurality of reference fragments collectively having a second range of sizes which does not overlap with the first range of sizes, each of at least some reference fragments of different size being tagged with a dye selected from the first group of dyes, the fluorescence spectrum of the dyes of the different sized reference fragments being different;

combining the sample fragments and the reference fragments into a common volume;

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causing the sample fragments and the reference fragments within the common volume to separate along a common separation lane such that the sample fragments and the reference fragments are separated from one another;

optically detecting a fluorescence spectrum comprising a respective fluorescence intensity at each of a plurality of wavelengths from each of the separated sample and reference fragments;

determining first color calibration information based upon the fluorescence spectra of the reference fragments; and

determining at least one property of the sample fragments based upon the first color calibration information and the fluorescence spectra of the sample fragments.